Decoded Class 3 – Life Safety and Egress

Use the 2021 editions of NFPA 101 - Life Safety Code and the International Building Code (IBC) to answer the following questions:

1) A university lecture hall with an occupant load of 60 would be considered which NFPA 101 occupancy classification?	
b) E	Assembly Business Educational Mercantile
A multiple occupancy where two or more occupancy types are separated by fire resistance rated assemblies is called aoccupancy.	
b) :	Mixed Separated Integrated Institutional
3) The co	ntents of most common buildings are classified by NFPA 101 as:
b) (c) l	Low Hazard Ordinary Hazard Medium Hazard High Hazard
4) NFPA 101 considers a building occupied when there are more than how many people inside?	
a) 6 b) 5 c) 6 d) 10	5 10
5) In NFPA 101, the Means of Egress chapter is Chapter	
a) 6 b) 5 c) 7 d) 6	5 7

- 6) The portion of a means of egress between the end of the exit and the public way is the:
 - a) exit access
 - b) exit passageway
 - c) exit
 - d) exit discharge
- 7) A stair enclosed by fire-resistant-rated construction and opening protectives to provide a protected path of egress travel is an:
 - a) exit access
 - b) exit passageway
 - c) exit
 - d) exit discharge
- 8) The portion of the exit access traveled before two distinct paths of egress become available is called:
 - a) dead end corridor
 - b) common path of egress travel
 - c) travel distance
 - d) horizontal exit
- 9) According to NFPA 101, doors must swing in the direction of egress in which of the following conditions?
 - a) when serving 50 people or more
 - b) when opening into an exit enclosure
 - c) when serving a high hazard contents area
 - d) all of the above
- 10) The IBC requires panic hardware for which occupancy types, when the occupant load is more than 50 people?
 - a) Assembly
 - b) Educational
 - c) Mercantile
 - d) A & B
 - e) A, B, & C